Paper Code-032001

B. Sc. Nursing 6th Semester Regular University Examinations Subject: Mental Health Nursing (I & II)

Time Allowed: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 75

Note:

- The candidates must limit their answers to the answer book (60 pages) issued to them. No supplementary Continuation answer sheet shall be provided.
- Illustrate your answers with suitable diagrams, graphs and flow charts.
- Attempt MCQ in OMR Sheets.
- OMR Sheets shall be collected 15 minutes after starting of Examination.

Multiple Choice Questions

(12x1=12 Marks)

- Q1. In the context of mental health the term "normal behavior' refer to:
 - a) Conforming to societal expectations
 - b) Being consistently happy
 - c) Following rigid routines
 - d) Displaying eccentric traits
- Q2. A maladaptive coping mechanism that shields an individual from the awareness of painful realities is:
 - a) Regression
 - b) Repression
 - c) Rationalization
 - d) Reaction formation
- Q3. According to principles of mental health nursing, the significance of establishing trust in the nurse- patient relationship is to:
 - a) It ensures the patient's complete dependence on the nurse.
 - b) Trust is not relevant in mental health nursing.
 - It promotes open communication and cooperation
 - d) It guarantees quick recovery.
- Q4. The ICD-11 was released in :
 - a) 2000
 - b) 2011

- c) 2018
- d) 2022
- Q5. In Nurse –Patient relationship, what does the Johari Window aim to achieve?
 - a) Expand the physical environment
 - b) Increase confidentiality
 - Enhance self Awareness and mutual understanding
 - d) Establish clear boundaries
- Q6. The positive symptoms of schizophrenia is:
 - a) Alogia
 - b) Hallucinations
 - c) Blunt Affect
 - d) Anhedonia
- Q7. Example of SSRI is
 - a) Paroxetine
 - b) Diazepam
 - c) Clozapine
 - d) Buspirone
 - Q 8. EPS includes:
 - a) Tachycardia
 - b) Tremors
 - c) Neuroleptic malignant syndrome
 - d) Arrhythmias

- Q9. In this condition individual suddenly travels away from his home and forgets his identity or personal history.
 - a) Dissociative amnesia
 - b) Dissociative fugue
 - c) Dissociative identity disorder
 - d) Depersonalization
- Q10. Disorder in which psychological distress is expressed in physical symptoms that mimic neurological condition.
 - a) Somatization disorder
 - b) Pain disorder
 - c) Conversion disorder
 - d) Panic disorder

- Q11. POSCO Act was passed in 2012 to comprehensively deal with :
 - a) Admission and discharge of mentally ill
 - b) illegal drug trafficking
 - c) issues of sexual offence against children
 - d) protect rights of mentally ill
- Q12. It is a technique that can be used with younger children who are less able to communicate and express their feelings verbally.
 - a) Play therapy
 - b) Cognitive Behavior therapy
 - c) Family therapy
 - d) Psychodynamic therapy
- Q1. Define Phobia. Explain its etiological factors. List the clinical features of phobia. Discuss the management of patient with Social Phobia. (2+ 3+3+7= 15 Marks)
- **Q2.** Define Major Depressive Disorder. Explain the etiological factors and clinical manifestation for depression and Write the nursing management of patient with suicidal thoughts.

(2+6+7=15 Marks)

Q3. Short Questions:

(5x5=25 Marks)

- a) Nursing Care plan of catatonic schizophrenic patient.
- b) Primary prevention of mental illness.
- c) Dementia
- d) Crisis intervention
- e) Nursing management of patient with substance abuse

Q4. Very short Answer Questions:

(4x2=8 Marks)

- a) List any four techniques of behavior therapy.
- b) Write any two differences between psychosis and neurosis
- c) List any four therapeutic communication techniques
- d) List four behavioral disorders occurring during childhood.
- e) List any four side effects of antidepressant drugs.
