## Paper Code-031601

# B. Sc. Nursing 5th Semester reappear University Examinations

Subject: Community Health Nursing-I including Environmental Science & Epidemiology
Time Allowed: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 75

#### Note:

- The candidates must limit their answers to the answer book (60 pages) issued to them. No supplementary Continuation answer sheet shall be provided.
- Illustrate your answers with suitable diagrams, graphs and flow charts.
- Attempt MCQ in OMR Sheets.
- > OMR Sheets shall be collected 15 minutes after starting of Examination.

| (MCQ)                                      | 1X12=12 Marks                                 |
|--|---|
| Q1. Breast self-examination is which level | (c) 6   |
| of prevention                              | (d) 8   |
| (a) Primary Level                          | Q4. Which Sustainable Developmental Goal      |
| (b) Secondary Level                        | (SDG) is edicated to ensuring healthy lives   |
| (c) Tertiary Level                         | and promoting well-being for all at all ages? |
| (d) Rehabilitation Level                   | (a) Goal 2                                    |
| Q2. What is another name of Health survey  | (b) Goal 3                                    |
| & Development Committee.                   | (c) Goal 4                                    |
| (a) Bhore Committee                        | (d) Goal                                      |
| (b) Mudaliar Committee.                    | (t) Goal                                      |
| (c) Shrivatsav Committee                   | Q5. Who can avail of Pradhan Mantri Jan       |
| (d) Mukharji Committee.                    |   |
| (a) Makharji committee.                    | Arogya Yojana (PM-JAY) benefits?              |
| Q3. Under one Community Health Centre      | (a) All Indian citizens.                      |
| how many Primary Health Centres are        | (b) Only Senior citizens of India             |
| there?                                     | (c) Families identified under the Socio       |
| (a) 4                                      | Economic Caste Census (SECC) data             |
| (b) 5                                      | (d) Only Government employees                 |

- Q6. Which of the following beneficiaries is not targeted by Integrated Child Development Services (ICDS) Scheme.
- (a) Children 0-6 years
- (b) Pregnant and Lactating Women
- (c) Adolescents
- (d) Elderly population
- Q7. Why is backwashing necessary in a rapid sand filter?
- (a) To add chlorine to the filter bed
- (b) To clean the filter and reduce head loss
- (c) To change sand media
- (d) To increase the flow rate above the design limit
- Q8. The Napier's Aldehyde test is used for the diagnosis of?
- (a) Measles
- (b) Dengue
- (c) Kala-azar
- (d) Pneumonia
- Q9. Multi-drug-resistant tuberculosis (MDR TB) is defined as
- (a) Resistant to ethambutol
- (b) Resistant to pyrazinamide and ethambutol
- (c) Resistant to isoniazid and rifampicin
- (d) Resistant to streptomycin

- Q10. As per the current National Strategic Plan HIV/AIDS and STI 2017-2024 (NSP) fast track targets to be achieved by 2024 are
- (a) Ensuring that 95% of pregnant women are tested for HIV in the country, 95% of those who know their status are on treatment and 95% of those who are on treatment experience effective viral load suppression.
- (b) Ensuring that 95% of the high-risk population tested for HIV in the country, 95% of those who know their status are on treatment and 95% of those who are on treatment experience effective viral load suppression.
- (c) Ensuring that 95% of the population should be tested for HIV in the country, 95% of those who know their status are on treatment and 95% of those who are on treatment experience effective viral load suppression.
- (d) Ensuring that 95% of those who are HIV positive in the country know their status, 95% of those who know their status are on treatment and 95% of those who are on treatment experience effective viral load suppression.

- Q11. Which of the following is a true case definition of the presumptive case in the Integrated Disease Surveillance program?
- (a) It is based on the clinical pattern of the disease which can be identified by paramedical personnel and members of the community
- (b) It is based on typical history and clinical examination by the medical officer of primary and community health centres
- (c) It is based on clinical diagnosis by a medical officer and positive laboratory identification at primary and community health centres

- (d) It is based on the clinical pattern of the disease which can be identified by medical
- Q12. The most harmful fats to human health are:
- (a) Saturated fatty acids
- (b) Trans fatty acids
- (c) Omega-3 polyunsaturated fatty acids (PUFA
- (d) Unsaturated fatty acids

Q1. a) Define epidemiology.

(2+6+7=15 Marks)

- b) Explain epidemiological approaches.
- c) Explain the role of the Community Health Nurses in dealing with the problems of the community by using epidemiological approaches.
- Q2. a) Discuss the strategies of the National Program for Prevention and Control of Non-Communicable Diseases (NP-NCD) (7+8=15)
  - b) Describe the role of community health nurses in implementation of NP-NCD in an assigned community.

### Q3. Short Answer Questions:

(5X5 = 25 Marks

- a) Discuss in brief Universal Health Coverage.
- b) National Health Policy.
- c) Discuss the qualities of Community Health Nurse.
- d) Discuss the Integrated Disease Surveillance Program.
- e) Describe the role of Community Health Nurses in the prevention of women and child abuse.

## Q4. Very short Answer Questions:

(4X2 = 8 Marks)

- a) Discuss the dimensions of health.
- b) write the steps of health planning.
- c) Discuss how to ensure the drinking water quality.
- d) Explain how to overcome barriers to effective communication.

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