Paper Code-030801

B.Sc. Nursing 3rd Semester Annual University Examination Subject-Applied Microbiology and Infection Control including Safety

Time Allowed: Three Hours

Maximum Marks:-75

B 1				
N	0	r		۰
u u	v	u	C	8

- The candidates must limit their answers to the answer book (50 pages) issued to them. No supplementary Continuation answer sheet shall be provided.
- Illustrate your answers with suitable diagrams, graphs and flow charts.
- Attempt MCQ in OMR Sheets.
- OMR Sheets shall be collected 15 minutes after starting of Examination.

 Applied Microbiology, Section Applied Microbiology, Section Total 13 Marks.

	Applied Micropiolog	y- Section -A	Oral -T2 Malk2
Q.1 MCQ: 1.1 Who is consider (a) Louis Pasteur	red father of modern (b) John Tynda	0,	13X1 Marks=13 (d) Edward Jenner
1.2 Bacteria that ar (a) Chemoautotroph		e their own food mate ohs (c) Saprotroph	
1.3 Which of the fo (a) Staphylococcus	llowing cocci bacteria (b) Streptoco	is Gram- negative?	us (d) Neisseria
1.4 Which of the fo(a) Clostridium tetal(c) Clostridium botu		ngrene? stridium perfringens of the above	
1.5 The substance w (a) Allergen	hich causes a rise in l (b) Pyrogen	oody temperature is c (c) pathogen	alled: (d) All of the above
1.6 One of the followall (a) Pertussis	wing is not live vaccin (b) BCG	e? (c) Oral Polio	(d) Measles
1.7 Presence of path (a) Bacteremia	nogenic bacteria in th (b) Septicemia		(d) All of the above
		apeutic or surgical pro (c) latrogenic infect	ocedure is called: ion (d) Generalized infectio
1.9 Which vaccination (a) HBsAg	on should be given to (b) tetanus	workers who deal with (c) Rabies	th biomedical waste? (d) Both a & b
1.10 Cytotoxic and (a) Dumping	expired drugs are disp (b) Autoclave	(A)	d) Chemical Disinfection

1.11 Chemical substance that destroys all microorganisms including spores is called: (a) Sterilant (b) Disinfectant (c) Sanitizer (d) Germicide 1.12 Which of the following is symbol of Bio hazard? (d) (b) 1.13 Sterilization of disposable syringes are carried out by: (a) Hot air oven (b) Glutaraldehyde (c) Ethylene oxide (d) Tantalization Section-B Applied Microbiology Total-31 Marks Q.2 Long/ Essay Question 1X10 Marks=10 Define and classify the immunity. Explain the mechanism of specific immunity. Q.3 Short Questions. (3X5 Marks=15) a) Write a note on Widal test. c) Describe the Gram staining. b) Classify the culture media. Q. 4 Very Short Answer Questions. (3X2 Marks=6) a) Write the morphological classification of bacteria. b) Write the factors influencing growth of microorganisms. c) Write the types of immunoglobulin. Section -C Infection Control Including Safety Total -31 Marks Q.5 Long/ Essay Question (1X10 Marks=10) Define needle stick injury? How to prevent needle stick injury? Write post exposure prophylaxis and management for needle stick injury. Q.6 Short questions on any three (3X5 marks=15) a) Write the sources and mode of infection transmission. b) Briefly explain International Patient safety Goals. c) Principles of specimen collection. d) Briefly discuss about HAI Q.7 Very Short Answer Questions. (3X2Marks=6) a) Write the Colour coding for waste containers? b) Prevention of MRSA.

c) Write a note on PPE.

Paper Code-030801

B. Sc. Nursing 3rd Semester University Examination Subject-Applied Microbiology and Infection Control including Safety

Time Allowed: Three Hours

Maximum Marks:-75

Note:

- > The candidates must limit their answers to the answer book (60 pages) issued to them. No supplementary Continuation answer sheet shall be provided.
- > Illustrate your answers with suitable diagrams, graphs and flow charts.
- > Attempt MCQ in OMR Sheets.
- > OMR Sheets shall be collected 15 minutes after starting of Examination.

Q1. MCQ

Section -A

Total -13 Marks

- 1.1 Study of fungi is called?
- (a) Parasitology
- (b) Mycology
- (c) Phycology
- (d) Microbiology
- 1.2 Wound Born infection is
- (a) Tetanus
- (b) Cholera
- (c) Influnza
- (d) Rabies
- 1.3 Which infection results in Pus formation?
- (a) Skin infection
- (b) Acute infections
- (c) Pyogenic
- (d) Chronic infection
- 1.4 BCG Vaccine is advised at an age of:
- (a) At birth
- (b) 5 to 6 years
- (c) 9 months
- (d) 10 weeks
- 1.5 Method of transmission of Syphillis:
- (a) Respiratory
- (b) Sexually Transmitted
- (c) Feco-Oral
- (d) None of the above

- 1.6 Which of the following viruses is transmitted
- by Dog Bite?
- (a) Rabies Virus
- (b) Hepatitis A
- (c) Hentaviruses
- (d) Rota virus
- 1.7. Causative organism of urinary tract infection?
- (a) Pneumococcus
- (b) Coronebacterium
- (c) Streptococcus aureus
- (d) Escherichia Coli
- 1.8 Which is the most blood transfusion associated hepatitis?
- (a) Hepatitis A
- (b) Hepatitis B
- (c) Hepatitis D
- (d) Hepatitis E
- 1.9 Long term immobilization can cause development of?
- (a) DVT
- (b) Pulmonary embolism
- (c) hospital acquired infection
- (d) Septicemia.

1.10 Steaming at 100° C for 3 successive days is 1.12 About 40 % of hospital acquired infection called? occure in? (a) Tyndallization (a) Urinary tract (b) Autoclave (b) Respiratory tract (c) Incineration (c) Gastro intestinal tract (d) Sterilization (d) Reproductive tract 1.13 Body fluid and and anatomical parts are 1.11 Which Immunoglobulin crosess Placenta? discarded in? (a) IgA (a) Red container (b) IgE (b) Black container (c) IgG (c) Yellow container (d) IgM (d) Blue container Section-B (Applied Microbiology) **Total-31 Marks** Q.2 Describe the morphology, pathogenesis and lab diagnosis of treponema pallidum. (10)Q.3 Short questions (3X5 = 15)(a) Differentiate the endotoxin and exotoxin. (b) Mantoux test. (c) Classification of bacteria. Q. 4 Very Short Answer Questions. (3X2=6)(a) Write the types of sterilization. (b) Describe type of Immnoglobulin? (c) What is opportunistic infection? Section-C (Infection Control Including Safety) Total -31 Marks Q.5 Describe the role of nurse in infection control programme. What are the responsibilities while handling the patient specimen? (10)Q.6 Short questions (3X5=15)(a) Explain the standard safety measures. (b) Explain the laboratory diagnosis of typhoid. (c) Universal immunization programme. Q.7 Very Short Answer Questions. (3X2=6)(a) Role of nurse in disaster. (b) Nosocominal infection. (c) Standard safety measures.

Paper Code-030801

B. Sc. Nursing 3rd Semester Regular/reappear University Examination June 2024 Subject-Applied Microbiology & Infection Control Including Safety

Time Allov	ved:	Three	Hours

Maximum Marks:-75

Note:

- > The candidates must limit their answers to the answer book (60 pages) issued to them. No supplementary Continuation answer sheet shall be provided.
- > Illustrate your answers with suitable diagrams, graphs and flow charts.
- > Attempt Section-A (MCQ) in OMR Sheets and Section-B & C in 60 Pages answer sheet.
- > OMR Sheets shall be collected 15 minutes after starting of Examination.

Section -A	
Q1. MCQ	13X1 Marks=13
bacteria is known as: (a) Bacteriophase (b) Spores (c) Plasmid (d) Cosmid ATRI ATRI	Listeria monocytogenes is a that can grow in warm and cold temperature. (a) Bacterium (b) Virus (c) Fungus (d) Plant Which of the following HPV viruses are known
 1.2. Specimen to be collected depends on: (a) Knowledge about the site from having maximum number of organisms (b) Easily available site on a body (c) According to patient's comfort 	to cause cervical cancer? (a) Viruses of all 5 clades (b) Types 14, 16, 18, 31, 45 (c) None are oncogenic per se (d) Types 1-180
1.3. Enrich media is:(a) Used to grow fastidious bacteria(b) Used to grow non-fastidious bacteria(c) Both (a) & (b)(d) None of the above	The highest percentage of HAIs is constituted by: (a) Blood borne infections (b) Surgical site infections (c) UTIs (d) Respiratory infections To perform the two-minute hand wash:
1.4 is not an antimicrobial drug that is added in the culture media for the isolation of Neisseria gonorrhoeae: (a) Penicillin (b) Vancomycin (c) Amphotericin (d) Colistin	 (a) Rinse thoroughly for one minute, then wash with soap for one minute (b) Wash one minute, rinse thoroughly, relather, and wash another minute (c) Wash for a minute and a half, and rinse thoroughly for a half minute (d) None of the above

- 1.9. Which dye is used in Seitz bath?
 - (a) Potassium permanganate
 - (b) Potassium dichromate
 - (c) Crystal violet
 - (d) Gentian violet
- 1.10. How are the gauze and cotton sterilized?
 - (a) Hot air sterilization
 - (b) Wet heat sterilization
 - (c) Sterilization under High Pressure
 - (d) Chemical Sterilization
- 1.11. The biological products, like serum, antibiotics, and urea are sterilized by:
 - (a) Moist heat
 - (b) Radiation

- (c) Filtration
- (d) Dry heat
- 1.12. Transport media used for transferring throat, nasal or vaginal swab is:
 - (a) Nutrient broth
 - (b) Blood agar
 - (c) Stuart's medium
 - (d) All of these
- 1.13. Which antibiotic is not clinically useful for Pseudomonas aeruginosa infection?
 - (a) Aminoglycosides
 - (b) Ceftazidime
 - (c) Piperacillin
 - (d) Trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole

Applied Microbiology-Section - B

- Q2. Enumerate opportunistic Mycosis and writernabout the, pathogenesis, clinical significance, laboratory diagnosis of the candidiasis represents the pathogenesis of the candidate represents the pathogenesis of the candidate represents the pathogenesis of the
- Q3. Short Question:
 - a) laundry management
 - b) Immunization schedule
 - c) Principles of Microbiology
- Q4. Very short Answer Questions:
 - a) Tissue culture
 - b) Mantoux Test
 - c) ELISA (Enzyme Linked Immunosorbent assay)

Infection Control Including Safety- Section - C

- Q5. Define Healthcare- associated infections (HAIs), innumerate major type of HAIs. Discuss catheter associated infection (CAUTI) in detail including its prevention and control. (10)
- Q6. Short Question:
 - a) Role of infection control committee
 - b) Prevention of MRSA
 - c) Prevention of infection according to CDC guidelines
- Q7. Very short Answer Questions:
 - a) Material safety data sheets (MSDS)
 - b) Bacterial capsule
 - c) Radiation safety

(3X2 Marks=6)

(3X5 Marks = 15)

(3X2 Marks =6)

(3X5 Marks = 15)

Paper Code - 030801

B. Sc. Nursing 3rd Semester Regular/reappear University Examination March, 2025 Applied Microbiology and Infection Control including Safety

Time: 3 Hours Max Marks: 75 Marks

Instructions:

- The candidate must limit their answers to the answer book (60 pages) issued to them. No supplementary continuation answer sheet will be provided.
- > Illustrate your answers with suitable diagrams, graphs and flow charts.
- Attempt Section-A (MCQs) in OMR sheet and Section-B in 60 Pages answer book.
- > OMR sheet shall be collected 15 minutes after starting of examination.

[Section-A] (MCQ)

[13X1=13]

- Q1. Typhiod is also known as
- (a) Pnemonic fever
- (b) Hepatic fever
- (c) Eneric fever
- (d) Vesical fever
- Q2. Which of the following is a Subunit Vaccine?
- (a) Hepatitis-B Vaccine
- (b) MMR Vaccine
- (c) Influenza Vaccine
- (d) Diphtheria toxoid vaccine
- Q3. Which of the following bacteria is responsible for causing Lyme Disease?
- (a) Treponema pallidum
- (b) Leptospira interorgan
- (c) Borrelia burgdorferi
- (d) Rickettsia
- Q4. What is the term for the process by which Micro-organism are able to develop resistance to antimicrobial agents?
- (a) Adaptation
- (b) Mutation
- (c) Natural selection
- (d) Genetic drift
- Q5. Which of the following is Gram Positive Bacterium?
- (a) Actinomyces
- (b) Clostridium
- (c) Rhizobium

- (d) Both 1 & 2
- Q6. What is the term for the process by which Micro-organism move towards away from stimulus?
- (a) Taxis
- (b) Kinesis
- (c) Chemotaxis
- (d) Phototaxis
- Q7. The microorganism that grow best in a low oxygen is called
- (a) Areobe
- (b) Anaerobe
- (c) Facultative
- (d) Microaerophile
- Q8. The third step of Stepwise approach is
- (a) Implementation
- (b) Facility preparedness
- (c) Ongoing planning & Review cycle
- (d) Baseline Evaluation
- Q9. Who is Father of "Hand Hygiene"?
- (a) Antony Van
- (b) Paul Ehrlich
- (c) Gammas Philip Semmelweis
- (d) Alexander Fleming
- Q10. Kelsey and Sykes test is an a: -
- (a) In-use method
- (b) Suspension method
- (c) Carrier method
- (d) Capacity method

Q11. A patient requires nasotracheal	(a)	Infectious agent
suction. The patient is receiving	(b)	Reservoir
medical treatment for Mycoplasma	(c)	Carrier
pneumonia. Select the PPE you	(d)	None of these
would wear for this procedure?		
(a) Gloves & Mask	Q13.	What type of protection is needed
(b) Gloves, Gown, googles & Mask		when you are exposed to hazards
(c) Goggles & Mask		from flying particles?
(d) Gloves & googles	(a)	Eye protection
	(b)	Face protection
Q12. The place where the Micro-	(c)	Head protection
organism resides, thrives and	(d)	Both 1 & 2
reproduce is called?		

Toproduce to called.		
[Section-B] [62	.0 Marks]	
Q1. Long/Essay Questions:	[20.0]	
1.1. Describe the Morphological, General features, modes of trans	mission and	d
Pathogenicity of the Leprosy pathogen?	[10.0]	
1.2. What is Moist Heat Sterilization? Explain the techniques of Moist Hea	at sterilization	1
using Saturated stem under pressure. Explain its principle?	[10.0]	
Q2. Short Question:	[30.0]	
2.1. Classify the Leptospira's?	[5.0]	
2.2. Structure of Influenza viruses?	[5.0]	
2.3. Laboratory diagnosis of Candidiasis?	[5.0]	
2.4. Difference between Isolation and Quarantine.	[5.0]	
2.5. Advantages of Alcohol or Disinfectants?	[5.0]	
2.6. Medical Asepsis & its Processes?	[5.0]	
Q3. Very short Answer Questions:	[12.0]	
3.1. RT-PCR	[2.0]	
3.2. Tuberculin test	[2.0]	
3.3. Immunoglobulins	[2.0]	
3.4. Write down Seven steps of Biomedical waste management.	[2.0]	
3.5. Write down 4P's Approach used widely by the caregivers.	[2.0]	
3.6. Steps of Root Cause Analysis (RCA)	[2.0]	
