Paper Code-030601

B.Sc. Nursing 2nd Semester Supplementary University Examination August, 2024
Subject-Nursing Foundations (I & II)

Time Allowed: Three Hours

Maximum Marks:-75

Note:

- > The candidates must limit their answers to the answer book (60 pages) issued to them. No supplementary Continuation answer sheet shall be provided.
- Illustrate your answers with suitable diagrams, graphs and flow charts.
- > Attempt MCQs in OMR sheet and Section B in the answer sheet of 60 pages.
- > OMR Sheets shall be collected 15 minutes after starting of Examination.

Section - A Multiple Choice Questions:

(12x1= 12 Marks)

- 1.1 What is the safe amount of drug to be administered subcutaneously?
- (a) 2-3ml
- (b) 0.5-1ml
- (c) 1-2ml
- (d) 1.5-2ml
- 1.2 Careful hand washing and using sterile techniques are the ways to fulfil which human need ?
- (a) Physiological
- (b) Safety and security
- (c) Self Esteem
- (d) Love and belonging
- 1.3 A Good Nutrition helps in?
- (a) Prevention of infection
- (b) Growth and development
- (c) Wound healing
- (d)All of above
- 1.4 Use of bed cradle is most appropriate for:
- (a) Patient with lower limb fracture
- (b) Pregnant female
- (c) Burn patient
- (d) Unconscious patient
- 1.5 Normally Urine specific gravity ranges from:
- (a) 1.010 to 1.025.
- (b) 1.000 to 1.001
- (c) 2.201 to 2.221
- (d) 1.110 to 1.125

- 1.6 Which complication of the immobility would be the most concern with?
- (a) Dehydration
- (b) Urinary retention
- (c) Urinary incontinence
- (d) Contracture
- 1.7 Core body temperatures are not measured from?
- (a) Tympanic site
- (b) Rectal site
- (c) bladder
- (d) Sub lingual site
- 1.8 Headache, itchiness, warmth is:
- (a) Symptoms
- (b) Signs
- (c) Feeling
- (d) Diagnosis
- 1.9 5% Dextrose is which type of solution
- (a) Hypertonic solution
- (b) Hypotonic solution
- (c) Isotonic solution
- (d) Rehydration solution

1.10 Name the second step of	(b)	1948	
nursing process:	(c)	1950	
(a) Expected outcome	(d)	1953	•
(b) Planning			
(c) Diagnosis	1.12	Who will confirm	the discharge
(d) Evaluation		of patient	
	(a)	Doctor on duty	
1.11 The first code of ethics in	(b)	Ward in charge	
nursing was adopted in:	(c)	Nurse in charge	
(a) 1947	(d)	Treating consultan	t
Section -B			(63 Marks)
Q.1 (a) Define Nursing as a profession and disc	cuss the	characteristics.	
(b) Discuss the function of a nurse and de	scribe q	ualities of a nurse.	
(c) Explain the code of ethics in nursing.			(5+5+5=15)
Q.2 (a) Define infection and its types.			
(b) Enumerate the stages of infection and of	describe	the chain of infection	nn
(c) Explain the role of nurse to control the			(5+5+5=15)
Q.3 Write nursing responsibilities for: (Any FIV	(E)		(5x5 = 25)
(a) Patient receiving oxygen therapy			
(b) Biomedical waste management			
(c) Prevention and management of pressur	re ulcers		
(d) Prevention of needle stick injury			
(e) Pyrexia, and nursing care of patient with pyrexia			
(f) Pharmacological and non pharmacologi	cal man	agement of pain.	
Q. 4 Write about the following: (Any FOUR)			(4x2=8)
(a) pulse and steps of taking pulse			
(b) Principles of first aid			
(c) Loss and grief			
(d) Enumerate methods of physical examin	ation.	1+ 1 m 2 m 2 m 2 m	
(e) Hospital acquired infection			
(f) MLC			
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Paper Code: 030601

B. Sc. Nursing 2nd Semester regular/reappear University Examination March 2025 Nursing Foundation (I & II)

Time: 03 Hours Instructions:

Maximum Marks: 75

- The candidate must limit their answers to the answer book (60 pages) issued to them. No supplementary continuation answer sheet will be provided.
- Illustrate your answers with suitable diagrams, graphs and flow charts.
- Attempt Section A (MCQs) in OMR sheet and Section B in 60 pages answer book.
- OMR sheet shall be collected 15 minutes after starting of examination.

Section-A (MCQ)

[12X1=12 Marks]

- Q1. An examination of the body using the sense of toch is.
- (a) Inspection
- (b) Palpation
- (c) Percussion
- (d) Auscultation
- Q2. Hospital acquired infection means.
- (a) Primary infection
- (b) Nosocomial infection
- (c) latrogenic infection
- (d) Idaiopathic Infection
- Q3. At which level temperature in centigrade and fahrenheit scale become equal?
- (a) 73
- (b) 0
- (c) Minus 40
- (d) Plus 40
- Q4. Most reliable method of taking temperature.
- (a) By rectum
- (b) By mouth
- (c) By axilla
- (d) None of them

- Q5. Lack of oxygen in the blood stream is called.
- (a) Hypoxia
- (b) Anoxaemia
- (c) Hypoxaemia
- (d) Cyanosis
- Q6. Full form of CPR.
- (a) Cardio pulmonary recovery
- (b) Cardiac pulse respiration
- (c) Cardio pulmonary resuscitation
- (d) Cardia pulse resonance
- Q7. What is the colour of the oxygen cylinder in the hospital.
- (a) Black and white top
- (b) Blue
- (c) White
- (d) Orange
- Q8. Which of the following is not a parameter for Glas Gow Coma scale.
- (a) Eye opening
- (b) Verable response
- (c) Pupillary response
- (d) Motor response

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Q9. The normal adult heart rate is.	Q11. During ABG A	nalysis blood is		
(a) 60-100beat per minute	collected from.			
(b) 70-110beat per minute	(a) Capillary			
(c) 50-80beat per minute	(b) Vein			
(d) 80-120beat per minute	(c) Artery			
(a) 00 12000at por trimate	(d) It can be taken f	from any site		
Q10. The best position for a patient with	(a) it built by talkorri	Tom any one		
difficulty breathing Is.	Q12. The process of	removing waste		
(a) Supine	product from the body			
(b) Prone	(a) Absorption			
(c) Fowler	(b) Excretion			
(d) Lateral	(c) Respiration			
	(d) Digestion			
	(4)			
Section	ı-B	[63 Marks]		
O1 Evalaia		[2+6+7=15]		
Q1. Explain		[2+6+7-15]		
a) Define Nursing Process.				
b) Write down the steps of nursing process.c) List down any four Nursing Diagnosis as per NANDA on fever.				
c) List down any lour reasons biagnosis as	per MANDA off Tever.			
Q2. Explain		[2+5+8=15]		
	*			
a) Define Pyrexia.	ature& list the types of feve			
a) Define Pyrexia.b) Enumerate factors affecting body temper				
a) Define Pyrexia.b) Enumerate factors affecting body temper				
a) Define Pyrexia.b) Enumerate factors affecting body temperc) Describe nursing management of patient		ır.		
a) Define Pyrexia.b) Enumerate factors affecting body temperc) Describe nursing management of patientQ3. Short Question.	s with fever.	ır.		
 a) Define Pyrexia. b) Enumerate factors affecting body temperate. c) Describe nursing management of patient. Q3. Short Question. a) Bio- Medical waste management. 	s with fever.	ır.		
 a) Define Pyrexia. b) Enumerate factors affecting body temper c) Describe nursing management of patient Q3. Short Question. a) Bio- Medical waste management b) Purpose of record and reporting in nursing 	s with fever.	ır.		
 a) Define Pyrexia. b) Enumerate factors affecting body temper c) Describe nursing management of patient Q3. Short Question. a) Bio- Medical waste management b) Purpose of record and reporting in nurse c) Auto Claving 	s with fever.	ır.		
a) Define Pyrexia. b) Enumerate factors affecting body temper c) Describe nursing management of patient Q3. Short Question. a) Bio- Medical waste management b) Purpose of record and reporting in nurse c) Auto Claving d) Position used in nursing e) Methods of physical examination	s with fever.	[5x5=25]		
a) Define Pyrexia. b) Enumerate factors affecting body temper c) Describe nursing management of patient Q3. Short Question. a) Bio- Medical waste management b) Purpose of record and reporting in nurse c) Auto Claving d) Position used in nursing e) Methods of physical examination Q4. Very Short Question	s with fever.	ır.		
a) Define Pyrexia. b) Enumerate factors affecting body temper c) Describe nursing management of patient Q3. Short Question. a) Bio- Medical waste management b) Purpose of record and reporting in nurse c) Auto Claving d) Position used in nursing e) Methods of physical examination Q4. Very Short Question a) Health Care team	s with fever.	[5x5=25]		
a) Define Pyrexia. b) Enumerate factors affecting body temper c) Describe nursing management of patient Q3. Short Question. a) Bio- Medical waste management b) Purpose of record and reporting in nurse c) Auto Claving d) Position used in nursing e) Methods of physical examination Q4. Very Short Question a) Health Care team b) Function of nurse	s with fever.	[5x5=25]		
a) Define Pyrexia. b) Enumerate factors affecting body temper c) Describe nursing management of patient Q3. Short Question. a) Bio- Medical waste management b) Purpose of record and reporting in nurse c) Auto Claving d) Position used in nursing e) Methods of physical examination Q4. Very Short Question a) Health Care team	s with fever.	[5x5=25]		

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Paper Code-030601

B.Sc. Nursing 2nd Semester Supplementary University Examination Subject-Nursing Foundations (I & II)

Time Allowed: Three Hours

Maximum Marks:-75

Note:

- The candidates must limit their answers to the answer book (50 pages) issued to them. No supplementary Continuation answer sheet shall be provided.
- Illustrate your answers with suitable diagrams, graphs and flow charts.
- Attempt MCQ in OMR Sheets.
- OMR Sheets shall be collected 15 minutes after starting of Examination.

Q1. MCQ

12X1 Marks=12

1.1. A nurse working in the paediatric ward is collecting history of the client for preparing nursing care plan. The identification of client's problems occurs in which part of the nursing process?

a. Assessment

c. Diagnosis

b. Planning

d. Evaluation

1.2. A nurse is assessing 68 years old male patient for pressure ulcers using Braden scale. Among the following options all are the components of Braden scale **EXCEPT**

a. Nutrition

c. Communication

b. Mobility

d. Shear

1.3. Which of the following is considered as recovery position?

a. Left lateral position

c. Fowlers position

b. Supine position

d. Right lateral position

1.4. Which mechanical device is used to take off the weight of top linen in burn patients?

a. Cardiac table

c. Bed cradle

b. Bed block

d. Air cushion

1.6. Sequence of events occurring in pain transmission is:

- (a) Transduction, Modulation, Transmission and Perception
- (b) Transduction, Modulation, Perception and Transmission
- (c) Transduction, Transmission, Modulation and Perception
- (d) Transmission, Modulation, Transduction and Perception

1.7. TNAI stands for:

- a. Training of Nurses in all India
- b. Trained Nurses of all India
- c. Trained Nursing Association internationally
- d. Trained Nurses Association of India

1.8. Failure in the professional practice that leads to harm of patient is known as:

a. Negligence

c. Battery

b. Malpractice

d. Assault

	type of illness which has rapid onset of syr ferred as:	nptoms and a short period of time i
) Prolonged illness	(c) Acute illness
) Chronic illness	(d)Short illness
	Self-talk is an example of:	(a)short inness
) Public Communication	(c) Intrapersonal communication
) Interpersonal communication	(d) Group communication
•		(d) Group communication
	MLC stands for:	
) Medicine legal cases	(c) Medico legal category
(b) Medico legal cases	(d) Medical licence commission
1.12.	Yellow colour bin contains:	
(a) Plastic waste	(c) Sharp waste
(b) Infectious waste	(d)Cytotoxic waste
1.13.	An 88 years old lady had a cardiac arrest	but was not given cardiopulmonar
re	suscitation as she has signed for DNR. In this	statement DNR stands for:
(a) Do not revive	(c) Do not rescue
(b) Do not resuscitate	(d) Do not restrain
Q2. Lo	ong/ Essay Question	(2x15Marks 30)
A.		
a)	Define Physical examination (2)	
b)	What are the purposes of Physical examinat	ion? (4)
c)	Enumerate different methods of Physical ex	amination. (4)
d)	Explain role of nurse in performing Physical	examination. (5)
В.		
a)	Define Communication. (2)	
b)	Explain the process of communication. (5)	
•	Discuss barriers to effective communication	(4)
•	Elaborate the Role of communication in Pati	
ω,	Elaborate the Note of Communication in Fact	ene care (1)
Q3. Sh	nort Question	5X5 Marks =25
	What are the purposes of recording and rep	orting in hospital?
	Discuss Maslow's Hierarchy of needs.	
c.	Explain different routes of drug administra-	tion.
d.	Describe different principles of body mecha	nics.
e.	Explain role of nurse in admission process.	
Q4. V	ery short Answer Questions	4X2 Marks=8
a)	What do you mean by term Hypovolemia?	
b)	Enlist any 4 ethical principles in Nursing.	
c) \	What are the different stages of grief accordi	ng to Kubler Ross model?
d)	Enlist methods of local heat application.	

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B. Sc. Nursing 2nd Semester Annual University Examination Nursing Foundation (I & II)

Time Allowed: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: -75

Note:

vii.

a. Apnoea

c. Tachypnoea

- The candidates must limit their answers to the answer book (40 pages) issued to them. No supplementary/ Continuation answer sheet shall be provided.
- Illustrate your answers with suitable diagrams, graphs and flow charts.
- Attempt MCQ in OMR Sheets

	Actempt wed in own sheets			
•	OMR Sheets shall be collected 15 minutes after	starting of Examination.		
Q.1. i.	Multiple Choice Questions: The first code of ethics in nursing profession was	(12x1=12) as adopted in:		
	a. 1947 b. 1950	b.1948 c.1953		
ii.	Which of the following levels of basic a. Physiological c. love and belonging	human needs is most basic: b. Safety and security d. Self-actualization		
III.	Which of these is not an example of healthy bel a. Smoking c. Yoga	naviour: b. Physical exercise d. Healthy diet		
iv.	LAMA stands for: a. Leave against medical advice c. Leave against medical order	b. Leave against medical actiond. Left against medical advice		
v.	First phase of patient education: a. Assurance c. Resources	b. Evaluationd. Learning ability assessment		
vi.	Which of the following doesn't refer to the proc a health record: a. Recording c. Reporting	ess of adding information on b. Charting d. Documenting		

The patient can breathe only in an upright position is called as:

b. Orthopnoea

d. Bradypnea



- viii. Which stage of pressure ulcer have exposure of bone:
 - a. Stage I

b. Stage II

c. Stage III

d. Stage-IV

- ix. Narcolepsy most likely occurs in which age group:
 - a. Newborn

b. Infants

c. Adolescents

d. Older adults

- x. Dysphagia is:
 - a. Pain in swallowing

b. Difficulty in swallowing

c. Pain in abdomen after swallowing

d. Difficulty in digestion of food

- xi. Which position is given to the patient while providing high bowel enema:
 - a. Supine

b. Prone

c. Knee chest

d. Left lateral

- xii. Increased level of CO₂ is known as:
 - a. Hypercapnia

b. Hypercarbia

c. Both a and b

d. None of the above

Q.2 long answer questions:

(15x2=30)

- a. Define health and factors affecting health. Describe Maslow's hierarchy of needs and explain the effect of illness on patient and family in detail?
- b. What is oxygenation. Explain the structure and physiology of respiratory system? Describe different alterations in oxygenation and elaborate the nursing care interventions and procedures that promote oxygenation?
- Q.3. Short answers (any five):

(5x5=25)

- a. Infection control in clinical setting.
- b. Nursing interventions for impaired body alignment and mobility.
- c. Nursing responsibility in medication administration.
- d. Care of unconscious patient.
- e. Assessment of pressure ulcers using Braden and Norton scale.
- f. Biomedical waste management.
- g. Code of ethics and professional conduct.
- Q.4. Very short answers (any two):

(4x2=8)

- a. First aid management of a patient with wound, haemorrhage and shock.
- b. Types of grief response and stages of dying.
- c. Sexual health and factors affecting sexuality.

Paper Code - 030601

B. Sc. Nursing 2nd Semester University Examination Subject – Nursing Foundations (I & II)

Time Allowed: Three Hours

Maximum Marks = 75

Note:

- > The candidate must limit their answers to the answer book (60 pages) issued to them. No supplementary continuation answer sheet will be provided.
- > Illustrate your answers with suitable diagrams, graphs and flow charts.
- > Attempt MCQs in OMR sheet.
- > OMR sheet shall be collected 15 minutes after starting of examination.

MCQ

12X1 Marks=12

- Q 1.1 Mr Harish just got the information that his son is suffering from terminal illness and he is not accepting the truth. As per the Kubler Ross theory of grief Mr Harish is in thestage of grieving process.
- a) Denial
- b) Anger
- c) Depression
- d) Bargaining
- Q 1.2 Braden scale is used to assess:
 - a) Fall risk assessment
 - b) Pressure sore assessment
 - c) Visual acuity assessment
 - d) Cognitive assessment
- Q 1.3 CPR stands for:
- a) Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation
- b) Cardiopulmonary Rescue
- c) Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation
- d) Cardiopulmonary Rescue
- Q 1.4 According to Maslow's hierarchy theory of needs, highest level of need is:
- a) Physiologic needs
- b) Safety and security
- c) Belongingness
- d) Self-actualization

- Q 1.5 A deliberate action taken with purpose of shortening the life to end suffering is known as:
- a) Suicide
- b) Euthanasia
- c) Coupe de grace
- d) Coupe de fille
- Q 1.6 A nurse is working with the client who has been confined to his bed for the past week because of the illness. While turning this patient, the nurse notes stage II pressure ulcer on his sacrum. The cause of decubitus ulcers includes all **EXCEPT**
- a) Friction
- b) Moisture
- c) Imbalanced Nutrition
- d) Hand hygiene
- Q 1.7 After assessing the client, the nurse formulates the following diagnosis. All of the following are components of Nursing diagnosis **Except**:
- a) Problem
- b) Etiology
- c) Defining characteristics
- d) Solution

Q 1.8 A type of illness which has rapid onset of symptoms and a short period of time is referred d) 40 as:

a) Prolonged illness
b) Chronic illness
c) Acute illness
d)Short illness
c) S
Q 1.9 Dream occurs more frequently in:
a) Stage 1 of NREM sleep

- b) Stage 2 of NREM sleep
- c) Stage 3 of NREM sleep
- d) REM sleep
- Q 1.10 According to WHO, duration of hand washing with hand rub is:
- a) 10-20 sec.
- b) 20-30 sec

- c) 30-40 sec
- d) 40-60 sec

Q 1.11 Red colour bin contains:

- a) Plastic waste
- b) Infectious waste
- c) Sharp waste
- d) Cytotoxic waste

Q 1.12 An 88 years old lady had a cardiac arrest but was not given cardiopulmonary resuscitation as she has signed for DNR. In this statement DNR stands for:

- a) Do not revive
- b) Do not resuscitate
- c) Do not rescue
- d) Do not restrain

Q2.

(2+4+4+5=15)

- a) Define hospital
- b) Classify the types of hospital.
- c) Elaborate the functions of hospital.
- d) Explain about different health team members present in hospital along with their functions.

Q3.

(2+4+4+5=15)

- a) Define vital signs.
- b) Explain various sites of temperature assessment.
- c) Discuss factors affecting temperature.
- d) Describe about any two types of temperature alterations.

Q4. Short Question

(5X5=25)

- a) Describe the process of communication.
- b) Briefly describe General Adaptation Syndrome.
- c) Explain the steps in first aid management of wound.
- d) Explain the concept of health.
- e) Elaborate assessment part of nursing process.

Q5. Very short Answer Questions

(4X2=8)

- a) Enumerate various determinants of health care delivery system.
- b) Enlist any 4 comfort devices with their uses.
- c) Enlist any four qualities of nurse.
- d) Convert 99.8Degree F to Celsius using temperature conversion formula.
