

Note:

- The candidates must limit their answers to the answer book (50 pages) issued to them. No supplementary Continuation answer sheet shall be provided.
- Illustrate your answers with suitable diagrams, graphs and flow charts.
- Attempt MCQ in OMR Sheets.
- OMR Sheets shall be collected 15 minutes after starting of Examination.

(Applied Sociology & Applied Psychology) Section -A

Q:1 Multiple choice questions.

(Total=13 Marks)

1.1 What was the reason of origin of society?

- (a) Revolution
- (b) God's will
- (c) Evolution
- (d) Competition

1.2 'Society is a network of social relationship' was said by -

- (a) Ogburn
- (b) Karl Marx
- (c) Davis
- (d) Robert Morrison

1.3 Behaviors which get transmitted from one generation to another is known as –

- (a) Culture
- (b) Customs
- (c) Norms
- (d) Beliefs

1.4 Hindu marriage act was passed on-

- (a) 1954
- (b) 1955
- (c) 1948
- (d) 1975

1.5 A group of people organized for a particular purpose is known as –

- (a) Community
- (b) Society
- (c) Association
- (d) Crowd

1.6 Division of society into various groups having their own characteristics, status and role is termed as

- (a) Social stratification
- (b) Social control
- (c) Social change
- (d) Social class

1.7 The branch of psychology that explains fundamental and general causes of behavior by Scientific methods is:

- (a) Developmental psychology
- (b) Geo – psychology
- (c) Para – psychology
- (d) Experimental psychology

1.8 Which part of brain is known as emotional brain?

- (a) Cerebrum
- (b) Pons
- (c) Medulla
- (d) Limbic system

1.9 Early diagnosis and treatment is an ample of

- (a) Primordial prevention
- (b) Primary prevention
- (c) Secondary prevention
- (d) Tertiary prevention

1.10 Stress adaptation model was developed by

- (a) Hans Selye
- (b) B.F. Skinner
- (c) Crow and Crow
- (d) Sigmund Freud

1.11 The Oedipus complex occurs in which stage of psychosexual development?

- (a) Oral
- (b) Anal

- (c) Phallic
- (d) Latency

1.12 Who developed the IQ test most widely used today?

- (a) Sir Francis Galton
- (b) David Wechsler
- (c) Alfred Binet
- (d) Lewis Terman

1.13 Need for _____ refers to maintaining positive relationships with others;

- (a) Achievement
- (b) Affiliation
- (c) Intimacy
- (d) Power

Section-B (Applied Sociology)

(Total-31 Marks)

Q:2. Define social stratification. Explain caste as a form of social stratification and also the present trend of caste system in Modern India. (10)

Q:3. Short Answer Question.

(3x5=15)

- (a) Importance of Sociology in Nursing
- (b) Root causes of population growth in India
- (c) Impacts of culture on health

Q:4. Very short Answer Questions.

(3x2=6)

- (a) Social disorganization
- (b) Norms
- (c) Social Isolation

Section -C (Applied Psychology)

(Total-31 Marks)

Q5. Define motivation. Describe the theories of motivation. Write down the role of nurse in caring for the emotionally sick client. (10)

Q6. Short Question

(3X5 =15)

- (a) Role of nurse in meeting psychological needs of children.
- (b) Factors affecting personality development
- (c) Types of memory.

Q7. Very short Answer Questions

(3X2 =6)

- (a) Characteristics of Mentally Healthy Person
- (b) Barriers of interpersonal relationship.
- (c) body – mind relationship.

**B.Sc. Nursing 1st Semester Supplementary University Examination
APPLIED SOCIOLOGY AND APPLIED PSYCHOLOGY**

TIME:- Three Hours

Maximum Marks : 75

Note:-

- The candidate must limit their answers to the answer book (40 Pages) issued to them. No supplementary continuous answer sheet shall be provided.
- Attempt all questions sequentially. Attempt Part-A in OMR and Part-B & C in answer booklet. Illustrate your answers with suitable diagrams, graphs and flow charts.
- OMR sheets shall be collected 15 minutes after starting of examination.

Part-A (MCQ on Applied Sociology and Applied Psychology)

13X1 =13

1.1. Psychology is a –

- (a) Biological science
- (b) Physical science
- (c) Social science
- (d) Natural science

1.2. What is the simple meaning of reinforcement?

- (a) Response
- (b) Condition
- (c) Reward
- (d) Stimulus

1.3. As per Bloom's taxonomy, the first cognitive level of complexity is?

- (a) Knowledge
- (b) Comprehension
- (c) Application
- (d) Analysis

1.4. The first stage of motivational cycle is:

- (a) Drive state
- (b) Instrumental behavior
- (c) Goal
- (d) Frustration

1.5. The more an item is rehearsed, the more likely it is to become part of:

- (a) Short-term memory (STM)
- (b) Long-term memory (LTM)
- (c) Retention
- (d) Free term memory (FTM)

1.6. Who proposed observational learning?

- (a) Ivan Pavlov
- (b) John Watson
- (c) Albert Bandura
- (d) B.F. Skinner

1.7. Which of the followings is **NOT** an example of primary emotion?

- (a) Fear
- (b) News of war time victory
- (c) Anger
- (d) Happiness

1.8. Who is the father of Sociology?

- (a) Karl Marx
- (b) Auguste Comte
- (c) Max Weber
- (d) Maslow

1.9. Which of the following is an example of secondary group?

- (a) Family
- (b) Friends
- (c) Peers
- (d) Neighbors

1.10. Establish modes of thought and action is called:

- (a) Culture
- (b) Personality
- (c) Behavior
- (d) Custom

1.11. Marriage between a man and multiple women is called:

- (a) Monogamy
- (b) Polygyny
- (c) Polyandry
- (d) Sororal Polygyny

1.12. Social mobility is more prevalent in which of the following system?

- (a) Caste system
- (b) Estate system
- (c) Class system
- (d) Slavery system

1.13. The branch of sociology which deals with the problems in a society is known as:

- (a) Criminology
- (b) Social pathology
- (c) Social morphology
- (d) Laws

Applied Sociology – Part-B
Total=31 Marks

Q2. Explain: (2+4+4=10)

- a) Define social group.
- b) Explain the process of socialization.
- c) Discuss the functions of institutions.

Q3. Explain: 3X5 Marks =15

- a) What are the functions of a culture?
- b) Differentiate between society and community.
- c) Narrate fundamental rights of an individual.

Q4. Explain: 3X2 Marks=06

- a) Define clinical sociology.
- b) List types of social system.
- c) Enlist basic needs of a family.

Applied Psychology – Part-C
Total=31 Marks

Q5. Explain: (2+4+4=10)

- a) Define intelligence.
- b) Explain the factors affecting intelligence.
- c) Discuss the IQ measurement with an example.

Q6. Explain: 3X5 Marks =15

- a) What is the significance of psychology in nursing?
- b) Classify the personality.
- c) Differentiate between soft and hard skills.

Q7. Explain: 3X2 Marks=06

- a) List five determinants of attention.
- b) Define learning.
- c) Phases of cognitive development theory.

Note:

- The candidates must limit their answers to the answer book (60 pages) issued to them. No supplementary Continuation answer sheet shall be provided.
- Illustrate your answers with suitable diagrams, graphs and flow charts.
- Attempt MCQs in OMR sheet and Section B & C in the answer sheet of 60 pages.
- OMR Sheets shall be collected 15 minutes after starting of Examination

(Multiple Choice Questions) Section –A

(Total=13 Marks)

1.1. A student who performed poor in exam lashes out his younger sister is an example of which of the following defence mechanism?

- (a) Displacement
- (b) Dissociation
- (c) Denial
- (d) Delusional projection

1.2 Who classified the personality on the basis of body build into Asthenic-Athletic-Pyknoid?

- (a) Hippocrates
- (b) Ernst Kretschmer
- (c) William Sheldon
- (d) Carl Jung

1.3 Ability to focus on one specific task for long time without being distracted is which type of attention?

- (a) Divided attention
- (b) Selective attention
- (c) Sustained attention
- (d) Alternation attention

1.4 All of the following are the example of intelligence test EXCEPT?

- (a) Wechsler scale
- (b) Stanford Binet
- (c) MMPI
- (d) Slosson

1.5 Learning, retention, recall and recognition are helpful to constitute

- (a) Intelligence
- (b) Memory
- (c) Intuition
- (d) Imagination

1.6 In Pavlov's dog experiment, which of the following is conditioned stimulus?

- (a) Saliva
- (b) Food
- (c) Bell
- (d) Attendant

1.7 Innermost structure and original system of personality is:

- (a) Id
- (b) Ego
- (c) Super ego
- (d) All of the above

1.8. Rules that forbid people from marrying specific relatives or within social groups are known as:

- (a) Polygamy
- (b) Polygyny
- (c) Endogamy
- (d) Exogamy

1.9 Which of the following is the process by which one generation passes culture to the next?

- (a) Cultural tradition
- (b) Cultural transmission
- (c) Cultural reproduction
- (d) Cultural reciprocation

1.10 In democratic organization:

- (a) Everyone participates
- (b) Only leader participates
- (c) Leader gives orders
- (d) Only managers participate

1.11 The meaning of social problem is:

- (a) State of affairs
- (b) Moral approach to problem

- (c) Personal problem
- (d) Family problem

1.12. Which statement is NOT TRUE about community :

- (a) People live in a defined area
- (b) People want to fulfil goals
- (c) People live in different cities
- (d) People come together deliberately

1.13 Pradhan Mantri Suraksha Bima Yojna (PMSBY) was launched in which year?

- (a) 2014
- (b) 2015
- (c) 2016
- (d) 2017

Section-B (Applied Sociology)

(Total-31 Marks)

Q1. Define Culture. What are types of culture. What is positive and negative impact of culture on health.

(1X10 =10 Marks)

Q2. Short Question

(3X5 =15 Marks)

- (a) Class and caste system
- (b) Society and community
- (c) Personal Disorganization

Q3. Very short Answer Questions

(3X2 =06 Marks)

- (a) Importance of sociology in nursing
- (b) Characteristics of Co-operation
- (c) Uses of clinical sociology

Section –C (Applied Psychology)

(Total-31 Marks)

Q4. Define learning. List different methods of learning. Explain various factors that helps in learning of students.

(1X10 =10 Marks)

Q5. Short Question

(3X5 =15 Marks)

- (a) Significance of psychology in nursing
- (b) Characteristic of mentally healthy person
- (c) Effect of heredity and environment on intelligence

Q6. Very short Answer Questions

(3X2 =06 Marks)

- (a) Enlist the branches of applied psychology
- (b) Classification of memory
- (c) Conflict

Paper code -030301

B. Sc. Nursing 1st Semester University Examination
Subject-Applied Sociology and Applied Psychology

Time Allowed: Three hours

Maximum Marks:75

Note :

- The candidates must limit their answers to the answer book (60pages) issued to them. No supplementary continuation answer sheet shall be provided.
- Illustrate your answer with suitable diagrams, graphs and flow chart
- Attempt MCQ in OMR sheets.
- OMR sheets shall be collected 15 minutes after starting of examination

Section -A

(13X1=13 Marks)

Q1. Multiple choice questions:

1.1 In which year the term "Sociology" was coined?

- a) 1798
- b) 1839
- c) 1857
- d) 1815

1.2. The Dowry Prohibition Act, Indian enacted in

- a) 1961
- b) 1947
- c) 1955
- d) 1949

1.3. The word Sociology is made up of

- a) Societies and logy
- b) Society and logy
- c) socitea and logistia
- d) socious and logos

1.4. Collection of people who share some attributes of their lives are known as :

- a) Family
- b) Illness
- c) Nursing
- d) Community

1.5. Marriage outside a group is known as:

- a) polyandry
- b) Endogamy
- c) Exogamy
- d) Polygamy

1.6. Process of moulding and shaping the personality of the human infant is:

- a) Culture
- b) Modernization
- c) Socialization
- d) Sanskritization

1.7. Need for achievement and self - actualization is a type of :

- a) Biological motives
- b) Psychological motives
- c) Internal motive
- d) None of the above

1.8. Which learning theory says that a set stimulus, over a period of time will produce the same response every time?

- a) Classical conditioning
- b) Insight learning
- c) Drives motives
- d) Operant conditioning

1.9. Misinterpretation of stimuli arising an external object is known as:

- a) Delusion
- b) hallucination
- c) perception
- d) illusion

1.10. Ego works on :

- a) Principle of reality
- b) Principle of supervision
- c) Principle of ethics
- d) Principle of moral

1.11. The Word "psychology "stands for

- a) Study of science
- b) Study of behavior
- c) Study of figure
- d) Study of brain

1.12. The Act of identifying with an idea or thing so strongly that it becomes apart of the individual is referred to as :

- a) Introjection
- b) Anticipation
- c) Sublimation
- d) Identification

1.13. Who is regarded as the “the father “of operant conditioning ?

- a) Watson
- b) Pavlov
- c) E.L.thorn dike
- d) B.F.Skinner

Section-B(Applied Sociology)

(Total-31 Marks)

Q2. Define cultural illustrate the sociocultural factors and health and disease. (10 Marks)

Q3. Short answer question

- a) Scope of sociology in nursing profession
- b) Industrialization and its effect on health
- c) Essential and non essential function of family

(3x5=15)

Q4. Very short answer question

- a) Social mobility
- b) Causes of personal disorganization
- c) Juvenile delinquency

(3x2=6)

Section-C (Applied Psychology)

(Total-31 Marks)

Q5. Define mental health. Describe the pro motive and preventive mental health strategies and services. Write down the role of nurse in reducing frustration and conflict and enhancing coping. (10 Marks)

Q6. Short question:

(3x5=15)

- a) Classification of personality
- b) Defense mechanism and its implication
- c) Significance of psychology in nursing

Q7. Very short answer question:

(3x2=6)

- a) Alteration in emotions
- b) Characteristics mentally healthy person
- c) Branches of applied psychology

Paper Code : 030301

B. Sc. Nursing 1st Semester Regular/Reappear University Examination March, 2025
Applied Sociology and Applied Psychology

Time : 03 Hours

Max. Marks : 75

Instructions :

- ❖ The candidate must limit their answers to the answer book (60 pages) issued to them. No supplementary continuation answer sheet will be provided.
- ❖ Illustrate your answers with suitable diagrams, graphs and flow charts.
- ❖ Attempt Section A (MCQs) in OMR sheet and Section B & C in the answer book of 60 pages.
- ❖ OMR sheet shall be collected 15 minutes after starting of examination.

Section-A [MCQ]

[13X1=13]

Q1. Sociology is the study of:

- (a) Socio-political institutions
- (b) Political system
- (c) Human behaviour
- (d) Society

(c) Illness

(d) None of the above

Q2. The response of individuals to one another is

- (a) Social stratification
- (b) Culture
- (c) Ethos
- (d) Norms

Q6. Social stratification indicates:-

- (a) Process by which a person gets ranks in society.
- (b) Backwardness of society
- (c) International understanding of society.
- (d) Process of social disorganization

Q3. Material culture implies:-

- (a) Possession of material occupation
- (b) Possession of concrete ideas and beliefs
- (c) Possession of luxurious articles
- (d) Possession of essential commodities

Q7. The first stage of motivational cycle is

- (a) Drive state
- (b) Instrumental behavior
- (c) Goal
- (d) Frustration

Q4. In modern societies, emphasis is laid on:

- (a) Ascribed
- (b) Achieved
- (c) Both A and B
- (d) None of the above

Q8. Which of the following is an example of balance deficit sensory disorder?

- (a) Vertigo
- (b) Presbycusis
- (c) Xerostoma
- (d) Cataract

Q5. Delinquency is a kind of

- (a) Abnormality
- (b) Normal

Q9. Which can be described as both an emotion and mood?

- (a) Pride
- (b) Tension
- (c) Feeling good
- (d) Anger

Q10. Conative component of attitude related to :-

- (a) Psychomotor activity
- (b) Feelings
- (c) Thinking
- (d) Both a and b

Q12. Which part of brain is known as emotional brain?

- (a) Cerebrum
- (b) Pons
- (c) Medulla
- (d) Limbic System

Q11. Rehabilitation is a part of

- (a) Primary prevention
- (b) Secondary prevention
- (c) Tertiary prevention
- (d) Both a and b

Q13. Who has given adaptation model?

- (a) Hans Selye
- (b) Wilhelm Wundt
- (c) Sigmund Freud
- (d) Crow and Crow

Section- B (Applied Sociology)

Q1. Define Marriage and Family? Explain the influence of marriage and family on health and health practices? [10.0]

Q2. Explain:- [15.0]

2.1. Differentiate between culture and civilization? [5.0]

2.2. Explain the branches of sociology? [5.0]

2.3. Differentiate between community and transcultural society? [5.0]

Q3. Define the following terms:- [6.0]

3.1. Define society and community? [2.0]

3.2. Define Material and non-material culture? [2.0]

3.3. Define Social Stratification [2.0]

Section - C (Applied Psychology)

Q4. Define Psychology? Explain the branches of Psychology and Discuss about the characteristics of mental healthy person? [10.0]

Q5. Explain: - [15.0]

5.1. Body Mind Relationship [5.0]

5.2. Death & Dying [5.0]

5.3. Types of Sensation [5.0]

Q6. Define the following terms:- [6.0]

6.1. Define the child psychology [2.0]

6.2. Alteration in personality [2.0]

6.3. Aptitude [2.0]
